

St. Mochtas LRD Application Building Life Cycle Report

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Prepared by

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INTRODUCTION

The Sustainable Urban Housing; Design Standards for New Apartments – Guidelines for Planning Authorities were published in July 2023 (hereafter referred to as the Apartment Guidelines). The Apartment Guidelines introduced a requirement to include details on the management and maintenance of apartment schemes. This is set out in Section 6.10 to 6.14 - "Operation & Management of Apartment Developments", specifically Section 6.13.

Section 6.12 of the Apartment Guidelines requires that apartment applications:

"shall include a building lifecycle report, which in turn includes an assessment of long term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application"

"demonstrating what measures have been specifically considered by the proposer to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents."

This Building Life Cycle Report document sets out to address the requirements of Section 6.12 of the Apartment Guidelines 2023.

CONTENTS

Section 01:

An assessment of long-term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application.

Section 02:

Measures specifically considered by the proposer to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development consists of 302 no. dwellings in a mix of terraced houses, duplexes and apartments ranging in height from 2-7 storeys. All associated and ancillary site development and infrastructural works, hard and soft landscaping and boundary treatment works, including public open space; public lighting; surface car parking spaces; bicycle parking spaces; plant and bin stores. Vehicular, cyclist and pedestrian access to serve the proposed development will be provided from the Kellystown Distributor Road via the internal link street network permitted under ABP Ref. ABP-312318-21 (Luttrellstown Gate) and currently under construction.

This Building Lifecycle Report relates to the Apartment Block elements of the proposed development. These comprise of Blocks D, E & F as follows:

Block D is located at the northeastern corner of the site and comprises of 57 no. apartments in a 5-7 storey block. The apartments consist of 22 no. 1-Bed apartments and 35 no. 2-Bed apartments. Communal open space is provided at-grade in the form of an enclosed courtyard area. Car parking is provided at surface level on-street around the perimeter of the block to its north, east and south. All upper floor apartments are served by lift and staircore.

Block E is located to the southeast of the site and comprises of 77 no. apartments in a 5-7 storey linear block. The apartments consist of 40 no. 1-Bed apartments and 37 no. 2-Bed apartments. Communal open space is provided at-grade to the west of the block. Car parking is provided at surface level on-street to the north and south. All upper floor apartments are served by lift and staircore.

Block F is located to the west of Block E and comprises of 39 no. apartments in a 4-5 storey L-shaped block. The apartments consist of 20 no. 1-Bed apartments, 9 no. 2-Bed apartments, 5 no. 2-Bed duplexes and 5 no. 3-Bed duplexes. Communal open space is provided at-grade to the east of the block. Car parking is provided at surface level on-street to the north, south and west of the block. All upper floor apartments are served by lift and staircore.

There are 32 no. duplexes/simplexes also proposed on-site. These are own-door walk-up duplexes above ground floor apartments to the southwest of the site. Car parking is provided at-grade on-street.

SECTION 1

AN ASSESSMENT OF LONG-TERM RUNNING AND MAINTENANCE COSTS AS THEY WOULD APPLY ON A PER RESIDENTIAL UNIT BIAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION

1.1 Long-Term Running Costs

At all stages during design development the Applicant and their design team has sought to ensure that long-term running costs for residents and maintenance costs for the operators are reasonable. Castlethorn Developments Luttrellstown is an associated company of Castlethorn who have a proven track record in the delivery of high-quality homes including apartment schemes of scale, both private and social. This is evidenced in the current scheme design which provides an excellent end-product which will be easily managed and maintained for the foreseeable future.

1.2 Property Management of the Common Areas of the development

A property management company will be engaged at an early stage of the development to ensure that all property management functions are dealt with for the development and that the running and maintenance costs of the common areas of the development are kept within the agreed Annual operational budget.

The property management company will enter into a contract directly with the OMC for the ongoing management of the built development. Note that this contract will be for a maximum period of 3 years and in the form prescribed by the PSRA.

The **Property Management Company** also has the following responsibilities for the apartment development once constructed:

 Timely formation of an Owners Management Company (OMC) – which will be a company limited by guarantee having no share capital. All future purchasers will be obliged to become members of this OMC.

- Preparation of annual service charge budget for the development common areas.
- Fair and equitable apportionment of the Annual operational charges in line with the MUD Act.
- Engagement of independent legal representation on behalf of the OMC in keeping with the MUD Act - including completion of Developer OMC Agreement and transfer of common areas.
- Transfer of documentation in line with Schedule 3 of the MUD Act
- Estate Management.
- Third Party Contractors Procurement and management
- OMC Reporting.
- · Accounting Services.
- Corporate Services.
- Insurance Management
- After Hours Services.
- Staff Administration.

1.2 Service Charge Budget

The property management company has a number of key responsibilities with first and foremost being the compiling of the service charge budget for the development for agreement with the OMC. The service charge budget covers items such as cleaning, refuse management, utility bills, insurance, landscaping, maintenance of mechanical/electrical lifts/life safety systems, security, property management fee, etc, to the development common areas in accordance with the Multi Unit Developments Act 2011 ("MUD" Act).

This service charge budget also includes an allowance for a Sinking Fund and this allowance is determined following the review of the Building Investment Fund (BIF) report prepared by for the OMC. The BIF report once adopted by the OMC, determines an adequate estimated annual cost provision requirement based on the needs of the development over a 30-year

period. The BIF report will identify those works which are necessary to maintain, repair, and enhance the premises over the 30-year life cycle period.

In line with the requirements of the MUD Act, the members of the OMC will determine and agree each year at a General Meeting of the members, the contribution to be made to the Sinking Fund, having regard to the BIF report produced.

A sample format of the typical BIF report is set out in Appendix A.

Note: the detail associated with each element heading i.e. specification and estimate of the costs to maintain / repair or replace, can only be determined after detailed design and the procurement/ construction of the development and therefore has not been included in this document.

SECTION 02

MEASURES SPECIFICALLY CONSIDERED BY THE PROPOSER TO EFFECTIVELY MANAGE AND REDUCE COSTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF RESIDENTS.

2.1 Energy and Carbon Emissions

The following are an illustration of the energy measures that are planned for the units to assist in reducing costs for the occupants.

Measure	Description				Benefit
BER Certificates	provided for each dwelling within the calculated based on the energy performance account factors which include but are a water, buildings fabrics, occupancy are source heat pumps and a photovoltaic	sions of 10 kgCO²/m²/yr			
Fabric Energy	This development has been designed				Lower U-Values and improved air tightness will be
Efficiency	to comply with all current regulatory		Maximum elem	nental U-value	achieved to reduce the amount of heat loss throughout
	requirements set out in Technical	Column 1	(W/m ² K) ^{1, 2} Column 2	Column 3	the building fabric and lower the consumption of energy
	Guidance Document Part L,	Fabric Elements	Area-weighted Average	Average Elemental	and therefore carbon emissions.
	'Conservation of Fuel and Energy'.		Elemental U-Value (Um)		
	The U-Values of the proposed			of element	
	building fabrics have been chosen to	Roofs			
	not only ensure compliance with	Pitched roof - Insulation at	0.16		
	current building regulations but to	ceiling - Insulation on	0.16	0.3	
	also assist with the aim of reducing	slope			
	energy consumption and achieving	Flat roof	0.20		
	the desired BER as stated above.	Walls Ground floors ³	0.21	0.6	
		Other exposed floors	0.21	0.6	
	Thermal bridging at junctions	External doors,	1.64	3.0	
	between construction elements and	windows and rooflights			
	at other locations shall be minimised	Notes:	ludes the effect of uni	heated voids or other	
	in accordance with Paragraph 1.2.4.2 and 1.2.4.3 within the Technical	spaces.	nethod of showing co		
	Guidance Document Part L. See	paragraph 1.3.2	.3.	-	
	Guidance Document Part L. See 3. For insulation of ground floors and exposed floors incorporating underfloor healing, see paragraph 1.3.2.2. 4. Windows, doors and rooflights should have a maximum				
Table For Tob Fait L.		 windows, doors and rounights should have a maximum U-value of 1.6 W/m²K when their combined area is 25% of floor area. However areas and U-values may be varied as set out in Table 2. 		bined area is 25%	

Measure	Description	Benefit
Energy Labelled White Goods	All white goods within the development, if installed by the developer, shall be of high quality with high energy efficiency ratings. It is expected that the white goods package will include the following equipment and energy efficiency ratings: Oven – A Fridge Freezer – A+ Dishwasher – A+	The provision of highly rated energy efficient appliances will result in an overall reduction in energy consumption for all tenants.
	Washer/Dryer – B	
External Lighting	The proposed lighting scheme within the development consists of six different lamp standards ranging between 4.2m and 6m in height as indicated on the drawings The lighting scheme will be designed in accordance with Fingal County Council Taking In Charge standards. The design will incorporate the following: • Minimal light pollution • Low voltage LED lamp standards • Adequate provision for illumination to pedestrian and traffic flow areas will be provided in accordance with BS standards and Disabled Access Certificate.	The site lighting has been designed to provide a safe environment for pedestrians, cyclists and moving vehicles, to deter anti-social behaviour and to limit the environmental impact of artificial lighting on any flora and fauna within the area. Individual PECU control allows for the optimum and efficient operation of light fittings to ensure that the energy efficiency of the site lighting within the development is maximised.
	Every light fitting shall be controlled via an individual photoelectric control unit (PECU). The operation of the lighting shall be on a dusk-dawn profile.	

The following are **Low energy technologies** that are being considered for the development and during the design stage of the development the specific combination from the list below will be decided on and then implemented to achieve the A2/A3 BER Rating

Measure	Description	Benefit	
Condensing Natural Gas Boilers Condensing boilers are being investigated as they have a higher operating efficiency, typically over 90%, than standard boilers and have the benefit of lower fuel consumption resulting from the higher operating efficiencies.		Condensing boilers use the heat losses from the boiler flue to preheat the circulating heating water. By preheating the heating water, the boiler can achieve efficiencies in excess of 90%	
Natural Ventilation Natural ventilation is being evaluated as one ventilation strategy to minime energy usage and noise levels.		The main advantages of natural ventilation are: Completely passive therefore no energy required. Reduced environmental impact as minimal equipment disposal over life cycle.	
Mechanical Ventilation Heat Recovery (MVHR)	Mechanical heat recovery ventilation (MVHR) will be considered to provide ventilation with low energy usage.	MVHR provides tempered fresh air to occupied spaces. Heat is removed from exhaust air stream and transferred into the fresh air supply stream negating the need to use energy to heat the air. MVHR also reduces the heating load on the boiler plant by eliminating cold air infiltration.	
Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Panels	PV Solar Panels are being considered for the development to offer a secondary source of electrical energy. The panels are typically placed on the South facing side of the building for maximum electricity generation.	PV Solar Panels offer the benefit of reducing fossil fuel consumption and carbon emissions to the environment. They also reduce the overall requirement to purchase electricity from the grid.	
Air Source Heat Pump (ASHP)	Air source heat pumps are being investigated as part of the overall energy strategy for the apartments and houses. The air source heat pump utilises inverter compressors adjusted to suit heating demand. Modern heat pumps will typically provide 4 to 5 times more heat energy to the dwelling than the electrical energy they consume.		
ECAR Charging Points	Ducting shall be provided from local landlord distribution boards to designated E-car charging car park spaces. This will enable the management company the option to install a number of E-car charging points to cater to the future E-car demand of the residents.	Providing the option of E-car charging points will futureproof the development and facilitate residents and tenants move to EV motoring.	

2.2 Materials

The practical implementation of the Design and Material principles has informed design of building facades, internal layouts and detailing of the proposed apartment building.

2.2.1 Buildings

Apartment Buildings are designed in accordance with the Building Regulations, in particular Part D 'Materials and Workmanship', which includes all elements of the construction. The Design Principles and Specification are applied to both the apartment units and the common parts of the building and specific measures taken include:

Measure Description	Benefit
Use of brick, self-coloured render and pre-cast concrete panels systems	All of these require low/minimal maintenance
Daylighting to circulation areas as far as possible	Avoids the requirement for continuous artificial lighting
Natural/Passive ventilation system to circulation and other common areas	Avoids costly mechanical ventilation systems and associated maintenance and future replacement
External paved and landscaped areas	All of these require low/minimal maintenance

2.2.2 Material Specification

Measure Description	Benefit
Consideration is given to the requirements of the Building Regulations and includes reference to BS 7543:2015, 'Guide to Durability of Buildings and Building elements, Products and Components', which provides guidance on the durability, design life and predicted service life of buildings and their parts. All common parts of the proposed Apartment buildings and, the durability and performance of these are designed and specified in accordance with Figure 4; Phases of the Life Cycle of BS7543; 2015. (Please see Appendix B for this figure). The common parts are designed to incorporate the guidance, best practice principles and mitigations of Annexes of BS 7543: 2015 including: Annex A Climatic Agents affecting Durability Annex B Guidance on materials and durability Annex C Examples of UK material.	Ensures that the long-term durability and maintenance of Materials is an integral part of the Design and Specification of the proposed development.
Use of brickwork and self-coloured render / pre-cast concrete panel systems on external facades.	Requires no on-going maintenance.
Use of factory finished uPVC or aluminium windows and doors and installation of factory finished precast concrete and steel composite balcony systems.	Requires no on-going maintenance.

2.3 Landscape

	Measure Description	Benefit
Paving and Decking Materials	Use of robust, high-quality paving and decking materials, with robust and proven details.	Required on-going maintenance significantly reduced.
Materials	Material specification obtained in advance of procurement for review of petrographic data (where applicable on natural stone products), ethical sourcing as well as technical compliance with flexural strength and slip resistant surfacing.	Compliance with minimum standards for use of materials in external spaces mitigates potential hazards and frequency of replacement/maintenance.
Site Layout and Design	The retention of existing large species mature trees and hedgerows where relevant combined with a generous provision of newly formed landscaped public open spaces and communal private spaces with bespoke seating, mounding, informal play opportunities and a range of high-quality tree, shrub and herbaceous planting. The open spaces are designed with robust, universally accessible materials, striking the balance between low maintenance and aesthetic quality commensurate with the development.	Inclusive spaces, SUDS, low maintenance

2.4 Waste Management

The following measures illustrate the intentions for the management of Waste.

Measure	Description	Benefit
Construction and Operational Waste Management Plan	The application is accompanied by an Operational Waste Management Plan prepared by Enviroguide.	The report demonstrates how the scheme has been designed to comply with best practice.
Storage of Non- Recyclable Waste and Recyclable	Inclusion of dedicated and conveniently accessible bin storage facilities in each block.	Easily accessible by all residents and minimises potential littering of the scheme.
Household Waste	Domestic waste management strategy: Black, Brown & Green bin distinction. Competitive tender for waste management collection.	Helps reduce potential waste charges.
Composting	Organic waste bins to be provided throughout.	Helps reduce potential waste charges.

2.5 Health & Well being

The following are illustrations of how the health and well-being of future residents are considered.

Measure	Description	Benefit
Natural daylight	The design, separation distances and layout of the apartment block has been designed to optimize the availability of natural daylight/sunlight to the proposed dwellings to provide good levels of natural light.	Reduces reliance on artificial lighting thereby reducing costs.
Accessibility	All units will comply with the requirements of Part M/K.	Reduces the level of adaptation, and associated costs, potentially necessitated by residents' future circumstances.
Security	The scheme is designed to incorporate passive surveillance with the following security strategies likely to be adopted: CCTV monitoring details Car registration recognition at entrance gate Secure bicycle stands – covered by CCTV Routine access fob audits.	Help to reduce potential security/management costs.
Natural Amenity	Well landscaped communal open space areas for all apartment residents and convenient access to public open space linear park.	Facilitates community interaction, socialising and play – resulting in improved wellbeing.

Measure	Description	Benefit
	Dedicated green link connections west and south to both existing and future public	Pedestrian and cycle permeability and connectivity to
	parkland and recreational amenities.	other local amenities and parks promotes a healthy
		lifestyle.

2.6 Management

Consideration has been given to ensuring the homeowners have a clear understanding of their property.

Measure	Description	Benefit
Home User Guide	Once a purchaser completes their sale, a homeowner box will be provided which will include:	Residents are as informed as possible so that any issues can be addressed in a timely and efficient manner.
	Homeowner manual – this will provide important information for the purchaser on details of their new property. It typically includes details of the property such as MPRN and GPRN, information in relation to connection with utilities and communication providers, contact details for all relevant suppliers and User Instructions for appliances and devices in the property.	
	A Residents Pack prepared by the OMC which will typically provide information on contact details for the Managing agent, emergency contact information, transport links in the area and a clear set of rules and regulations.	

2.7 Transport

Measure	Measure Description	Benefit	
Access to Public Transport (Bus Services) The site is located within 500m of bus stops along the Diswellstown Road served by the bus routes 37 and 70n.		Availability, proximity and accessibility to high quality public bus transport services contributes to reducing reliance on the private motor vehicle for all journey types.	
Access to Public Transport (Rail Services)	The site is located within walking distance c. 1,400m and convenient cycling distance of Coolmine Rail Station served by the Maynooth Commuter Rail Service. The recently permitted DART+ West will double the frequency and triple the capacity of this commuter rail service.	The planned DART service provides an alternative high frequency public transport option to the bus for commuting to the city centre. The availability, proximity and ease of access to high quality public transport services contributes to reducing the reliance on the private motor vehicle for all journey types.	
Permeable Connections	Provision and subsequent maintenance of dedicated pedestrian and cycle infrastructure on-site including dedicated green links north, west and south will provide convenient access to the full range of available retail, commercial, community and educational facilities in the Clonsilla / Kellystown area.	Ensure the long-term attractiveness of walking and cycling to a range of local education, retail and community facilities and services.	
Bicycle Storage	993 No. bicycle parking spaces are provided internally within the scheme in line with the new apartment guideline requirements and promotes sustainable transport modes. These are provided in the form of secure sheltered resident and sheltered visitor spaces.	Accommodates the uptake of cycling and reduces the reliance on the private motor vehicle.	
ECAR Facilities	Ducting will be provided from a local landlord distribution board to designated E-car charging car parking spaces.	Facilitates the move to EV motoring which assists in decarbonising society and reducing oil dependency.	
Car Sharing	The scheme will include 2 no. designated car sharing spaces for the use of residents.	Reduces the reliance on the private motor vehicle and reduces oil dependency.	

Appendix A:

ITEMS INCLUDED IN A TYPICAL BIF

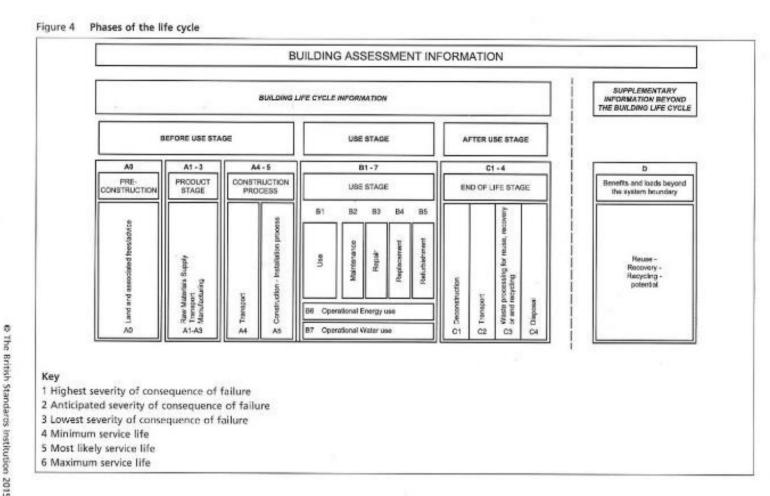
The BIF table below illustrates what would be incorporated for the calculation of a Sinking Fund.

	BUILDING INVESTMENT FUND (SINKING FUND) CALCULATIONS		
Ref	Element	Life Expectancy	Amount
1.00	Roofs	Life Expectancy	Amount
1.01	Replacement roof covering incl. insulation to main roofs/ overhaul to roofs.	25	
1.02	Replacement parapet details Replacement/repairs to facias	25	
1.03	Replace roof access hatches	25	
1.04	Specialist Roof Systems - Fall arrest	25	
1.05	Overhaul waterproofing details to roof paved areas	18	
2.00	Elevations		
2.01	Decorate rendered panels to apartments	25	
2.02	Minor repairs and preparation for decorations of rendered areas	20	
2.03	Replace exit/ entrance doors	25	
2.04	Replace Rainwater goods	25	
2.05	Recoat powder coated Finishes to balconies / Grills to Basement vents	20	
2.06	Periodic replacement and overhauling of external fixings	5	
2.07	Replace Balcony floor finishes	20	
3.00	Staircores & Lobbies		
3.01	Decorate Ceilings	7	
3.02	Decorate Walls	7	
3.03	Decorate Joinery	7	
3.04	Replace fire doors	25	
3.05	Replace carpets (stairwells & lobbies)	12	
3.06	Replace entrance mats	10	

	BUILDING INVESTMENT FUND (SINKING FUND) CALCULATIONS		
Ref	Element	Life Expectancy	Amount
3.07	Replace nosings	12	
3.08	Replace ceramic floors tiles Entrance lobbies	20	
3.09	Fixed Furniture & Equipment - Provisional Sum	18	
4.00	Common Area Bin Stores, Car Parking & Bicycle Parking		
4.01	Remove/ Replace ceiling insulation	25	
4.02	Repaint parking spaces & Numbering	7	
4.03	Replace bin store doors, ironmongery & digi-locks	15	
4.04	Replace Bike stands	20	
5.00	M&E Services		
5.00 5.01	General - Internal relamping	7	
5.01 5.02	Replace Internal light fittings	20	
5.02 5.03		15	
5.03 5.04	Replace External light fittings (lights at entrance lobbies)	20	
5.04	Replace smoke detector heads Replace manual break glass units/ disabled refuge call points	15	
5.06		15	
5.06	Replace Fire alarm panel Replace lift car and controls	25	
5.08	Replace AOV's	25	
5.09	Replace security access control installation	15	
5.10 5.11	Sump pumps replacement External Mains Water connection	15 25	
5.12	Electrical Mains and Sub Mains distribution	25	
5.13 5.14	Emergency Lighting	25 20	
5.14	Overhaul and/or replace Waste Pipes, Stacks & Vents	20	
6.00	Exterior		
6.01	External boundary treatments - Recoat powder coated Finishes to railings	25	
6.02	Replace external signage	18	
6.03	Replace paving areas.	18	
6.04	Replace CCTV provision	12	
6.05	Overhaul landscaping generally incl. cutback and thinning of trees	18	
6.06	External Handrails and balustrade	18	

Appendix B:

Phases of the Life Cycle of BS7543; 2015



BRITISH STANDARD